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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE Regular Session, 2005

ENROLLED

SENATE BILL NO. 421	
(By Senators To By Request of the	mblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse &
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PASSED	April 9, 2005
In Effect	90 days Ama Passage

FILED

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Senate Bill No. 421

(By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Sprouse, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 9, 2005; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-23, relating to the apportionment of damages in court actions involving the tortious conduct of more than one person; allowing for several liability for certain defendants; allowing for several liability subject to reallocation for certain defendants; and providing for several liability for defendants that are found to be less than thirty percent at fault under certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §55-7-23, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-23. Apportionment of damages.

- 1 (a) In any cause of action involving the tortious conduct
- 2 of more than one defendant, the trial court shall:
- 3 (1) Instruct the jury to determine, or, if there is no jury,
- 4 find, the total amount of damages sustained by the claim-
- 5 ant and the proportionate fault of each of the parties in the
- 6 litigation at the time the verdict is rendered; and
- 7 (2) Enter judgment against each defendant found to be
- 8 liable on the basis of the rules of joint and several liability,
- 9 except that if any defendant is thirty percent or less at
- 10 fault, then that defendant's liability shall be several and
- 11 not joint and he or she shall be liable only for the damages
- 12 attributable to him or her, except as otherwise provided in
- 13 this section.
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (2), subsection (a) of
- 15 this section, the rules of joint and several liability shall
- 16 apply to:
- 17 (1) Any party who acted with the intention of inflicting
- 18 injury or damage;
- 19 (2) Any party who acted in concert with another person
- 20 as part of a common plan or design resulting in harm;
- 21 (3) Any party who negligently or willfully caused the
- 22 unlawful emission, disposal or spillage of a toxic or
- 23 hazardous substance; or
- 24 (4) Any party strictly liable for the manufacture and sale
- 25 of a defective product.
- 26 (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (2), subsection (a) of
- 27 this section, if a claimant through good faith efforts is
- 28 unable to collect from a liable defendant, the claimant
- 29 may, not later than six months after judgment becomes
- 30 final through lapse of time for appeal or through exhaus-
- 31 tion of appeal, whichever occurs later, move for realloca-
- 32 tion of any uncollectible amount among the other parties
- 33 in the litigation at the time the verdict is rendered.

- 34 (1) Upon the filing of such a motion, the court shall determine whether all or part of a defendant's proportion-35 ate share of the verdict is uncollectible from that defen-36 37 dant and shall reallocate such uncollectible amount among 38 the other parties in the litigation at the time the verdict is 39 rendered, including a claimant at fault according to their percentages of fault: Provided, That the court shall not 40 reallocate to any defendant an uncollectible amount 41 greater than that defendant's percentage of fault multi-42 43 plied by such uncollectible amount.
- 44 (2) If such a motion is filed, the parties may conduct 45 discovery on the issue of collectability prior to a hearing 46 on such motion.
- 47 (3) Any order regarding such motion shall be entered 48 within one hundred twenty days after the date of filing 49 such a motion.
- 50 (4) A defendant's share of the obligation to a claimant 51 may not be increased by reason of reallocation under this 52 subsection if:
- 53 (A) The percentage of fault of that defendant is equal to 54 or less than the claimant's percentage of fault; or
- 55 (B) The percentage of fault of that defendant is less than 56 ten percent.
- 57 (5) A party whose liability is reallocated is nonetheless 58 subject to contribution and to any continuing liability to 59 the claimant on the judgment.
- 60 (6) If any defendant's share of the obligation to a claimant is not increased by reason of the application of 61 subdivision (4) of this subsection, the amount of that 62 defendant's share of the reallocation shall be considered 63 uncollectible and shall be reallocated among all other 64 65 parties who are not subject to subdivision four of this subsection, including the claimant, in the same manner as 66 otherwise provided in this subsection. 67

- (d) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect,
 impair or abrogate any right of indemnity or contribution
 arising out of any contract or agreement or any right of
 indemnity otherwise provided by law.
- 72 (e) Nothing in this section creates or recognizes, either 73 explicitly or impliedly, any new or different cause of 74 action not otherwise recognized by law.
- (f) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect,
 impair or abrogate the provisions of section seven, article
 twelve-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code or section nine,
 article seven-b of this chapter.
- 79 (g) This section applies only to causes of action that accrue on or after the first day of July, two thousand five.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

Chairman House Committee

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PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

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